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9	UNITED STATES DIS EASTERN DISTRICT O	
10	EASTERN DISTRICT C	n washington
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12	RICARDO OLIVERA SILVA	
13	Plaintiff,	Case No.
14	V.	
15	ED W. CAMPBELL, Director of Yakima	COMPLAINT
16	County Department of Corrections;	
17	SCOTT HIMES, Chief of the Yakima County Department of Corrections; and	
18	YAKIMA COUNTY,	
19	Defendants.	
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	COMPLAINT - 0	NORTHWEST IMMIGRANT RIGHTS PROJECT

NORTHWEST IMMIGRANT RIGHTS PROJECT 615 Second Avenue, Suite. 400 Seattle, WA 98104 Telephone (206) 957-8611

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- 1. This suit arises from Defendants' unlawful detention of Plaintiff for over two days after he posted bail. Defendants placed an immigration hold on Plaintiff based on a Form I-200 Administrative Warrant ("Form I-200") issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security ("DHS"). Form I-200s are directed to federal immigration officers, and do not provide state or local law enforcement officers with any authority to arrest or detain individuals for immigration violations. Defendants' policy and practice of holding individuals based on the Form I-200 prevented Plaintiff from being released from Yakima County jail, even though he was entitled to immediate physical release after posting bail.
- 2. This suit challenges Defendants' unlawful policy and practice of not releasing individuals in their custody based solely on a request by immigration officials. Defendants' use of immigration holds amounts to the detention of persons who are otherwise entitled to release from custody. Defendants' policy and practice violate the constitutional rights of the Plaintiff and countless others.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. This action arises under the Constitution and laws of the United States, including 42 U.S.C. § 1983. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 (Federal Question) and 1343 (civil rights).

- 4. The proper venue for this action is in the Eastern District of Washington pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2), as a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this claim occurred in this judicial district.
- 5. Declaratory relief is authorized under 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201, 2202, and Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 57.

PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff Ricardo Olivera Silva ("Plaintiff" or "Mr. Olivera") is a resident of Washington.
- 7. Defendant Ed W. Campbell, at all times relevant to this action, was the Director of the Yakima County Department of Corrections and a legal custodian of Plaintiff. Defendant Campbell is sued in his official capacity.
- 8. Defendant Scott Himes, at all times relevant to this action, was the Chief of the Yakima County Department of Corrections and a legal custodian of Plaintiff. Defendant Himes is sued in his official capacity.
- 9. Defendant Yakima County is the local governmental entity responsible for the Department of Corrections and its running of the Yakima County Jail.

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STATEMENT OF FACTS

Plaintiff's Factual Background

- 10. On or around April 13, 2017, Mr. Olivera was placed in the custody of Yakima County Department of Corrections ("DOC") pursuant to state criminal proceedings.
- 11. Mr. Olivera has never previously been charged with committing a criminal offense under federal law.
- 12. An immigration official interviewed Mr. Olivera while he was in custody at the Yakima County Jail on or about April 13, 2017.
- 13. On April 13, 2017, a DHS officer issued a Form I-200 on the Plaintiff.
- 14. On April 14, 2017, Mr. Olivera's bail was set at \$7,500 by Yakima County Superior Court.
- 15. Shortly after Mr. Olivera's bail was set, his girlfriend Genesis
 Cosina attempted to seek the services of a local bail bonds company. The
 company representative told her that they would not work with her because of an
 "immigration hold" on Mr. Olivera.
- 16. On May 5, 2017, Mr. Olivera's criminal case was transferred to Yakima County District Court. He was charged with harassment and disorderly conduct in violation of Wash. Rev. Code §§ 9A.46.020 and 9A.84.030.

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- 17. On June 14, 2017, Mr. Olivera's bail was reduced to \$2,500.
- At approximately 12:00AM of July 22, 2017, Ms. Cosina went to 18. Yakima County Jail to post bail for Mr. Olivera, as well as for Roberto Miranda Mateo ("Mr. Miranda"), another acquaintance detained in Yakima County Jail, whose bail was set at \$500.
- Ms. Cosina rang the doorbell at Yakima County Jail when she 19. arrived. A jail officer spoke through the speaker next to the doorbell and asked why she was there. Ms. Cosina responded that she was there to post bail and provided the full names of both Mr. Olivera and Mr. Miranda.
- 20. Around fifteen minutes later, a jail officer informed Ms. Cosina over the speaker that she could not post bail for either individual because of their immigration holds.
- Ms. Cosina then called an immigration advocate who she had 21. previously spoken with about Mr. Olivera's situation. The advocate stated that he would call the jail and call her back.
- 22. Ms. Cosina continued to wait outside the jail for approximately an hour. The immigration advocate then called her back and informed her that she could post bail. She rang the doorbell again to ask to post bail for Mr. Olivera and Mr. Miranda. A jail officer told her over the speaker that they were checking their papers to see if the jail could release them.

	23.	After waiting for a while, Ms. Cosina rang the doorbell again to
requ	est an u	update. A jail officer came outside and escorted Ms. Cosina inside,
final	lly pern	nitting her to initiate the process to post bail.

- 24. After arriving inside the building, Ms. Cosina posted bail first for Mr. Olivera, then Mr. Miranda. The jail officer handed her paper receipts for each.
- 25. Immediately after handing Ms. Cosina the second bail receipt, the jail officer told her that Mr. Olivera and Mr. Miranda were now in immigration custody.
- 26. The jail officer had not informed Ms. Cosina that Mr. Olivera and Mr. Miranda would remain detained after posting bail.
- 27. The jail officer called for a sergeant to speak with Ms. Cosina. The sergeant explained to Ms. Cosina that she could not get the bail amounts refunded.
 - 28. Mr. Olivera was not moved from his cell after posting bail.
- 29. Mr. Olivera was entitled to release from Defendants' custody immediately after posting bail on his state charges.
- 30. Mr. Olivera was not released from Yakima County Jail after posting bail.

- 31. From July 22, 2017 to July 24, 2017, for over 48 hours, Defendants maintained custody of Mr. Olivera pursuant to an immigration hold, which was based on a Form I-200 issued by DHS.
- 32. Mr. Olivera did not see or speak with any immigration officers at Yakima County Jail on July 22, 2017, either before or after the bail was posted.
- 33. Mr. Olivera did not see or speak with any immigration officers at Yakima County Jail on July 23, 2017.
- 34. Mr. Olivera did not see or speak with any immigration officers at Yakima County Jail after posting bail until the afternoon of July 24, 2017, and after he appeared for the final hearing in his criminal case where he pled guilty to disorderly conduct.
- 35. On July 24, 2017, DHS officers assumed custody over Mr. Olivera. Mr. Olivera was picked up from Yakima County Jail and transported to Immigration and Customs Enforcement's Enforcement and Removal Operations office in Yakima, WA. Later that day, Mr. Olivera was transported by DHS to the Northwest Detention Center in Tacoma, Washington.

Yakima County's Immigration Hold Policy

36. Defendants have a policy and practice of detaining individuals solely due to the existence of an immigration hold, who would otherwise be entitled to release from Defendants' custody.

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37. In the past, Defendants had a policy and practice of holding
individuals based on immigration "detainers" submitted on DHS Form I-24
which request that other law enforcement officials maintain custody of an
individual. U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement,
https://www.ice.gov/doclib/secure-communities/pdf/immigration-detainer-
form.pdf (last visited Dec. 19, 2017).

- 38. In April 2014, the United States District Court for Oregon issued *Miranda-Olivares v. Clackamas Cnty*, No. 3:12-cv-02317-ST, 2014 WL 1414305 (Apr. 11, 2014). *Miranda-Olivares* held that detaining an individual solely based on the Form I-247 violated the Fourth Amendment because the detainer does not furnish probable cause.
- 39. Following *Miranda-Olivares*, Defendants ceased their policy and practice of detaining individuals based on Form I-247 detainer.
- 40. Defendants instead replaced it with a policy and practice of placing immigration holds on individuals solely based on Form I-200s issued by federal DHS officials.
- 41. Similar to Form I-247, Form I-200 is unsupported by a finding of probable cause by a neutral magistrate. *See* U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, https://www.ice.gov/sites/default/files/documents/Document/2017/ I-200 SAMPLE.PDF (last visited Dec. 17, 2017).

- 42. Form I-200 does not authorize state or local officials to take any action. *Id*.
- 43. The Form I-200 issued for Mr. Olivera did not furnish probable cause for detaining him, nor direct or authorize Yakima County to hold Mr. Olivera after he posted bail for his state charges.

Intergovernmental Agreement

- 44. Yakima County has entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement ("IGA") with the United States Marshals Service.
- 45. The IGA allows DHS and other federal agencies to rent bed space from Yakima County for purposes of housing federal detainees.
- 46. The IGA does not authorize Yakima County to enforce federal immigration laws.
- 47. The IGA authorizes Yakima County to accept federal detainees only when they are presented by a federal law enforcement officer.
- 48. The IGA does not direct or authorize Yakima County to hold individuals after they post bail for his state charges.

CAUSE OF ACTION

Detention in Violation of Civil Rights – 42 U.S.C. § 1983

49. The policy and practice of Defendants, and the individual acts of Defendants Director Campbell and Chief Himes in placing immigration holds

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against persons detained in Yakima County Jail, resulted in Mr. Olivera's continued detention without probable cause and without a judicial warrant, injuring him and violating his right under the Fourth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution to be free from unreasonable seizures.

50. As a result of this deprivation of rights, Plaintiff has suffered damages, including emotional distress.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff asks this Court to grant him the following relief:

- 1. Declare that the Defendants' and practice of detaining individuals pursuant to immigration holds is unlawful and violates the rights guaranteed by the Fourth Amendment;
- 2. Declare that the Defendants' policy and practice of preventing detainees the opportunity to post bail if they have an immigration hold is unlawful and violates the rights guaranteed by the Fourth Amendment;
- 3. Enjoin Yakima County DOC, its Director, and Chief from placing and/or maintaining immigration holds based on Form I-200s or detainer requests from DHS;
- 4. Enjoin Yakima County DOC, its Director, and Chief from refusing to allow persons with immigration holds to post bail;

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